LWO-QSFP28-BSR1

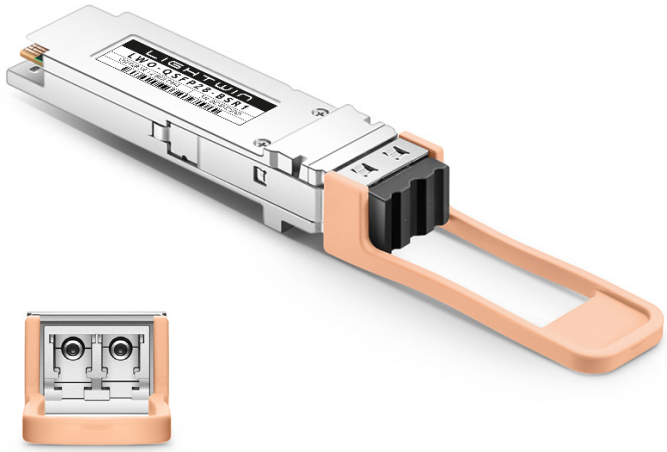
100GBit QSFP28 BiDi, SR1.2, 100m OM4, LC-Duplex, Multimode

Features

- QSFP28 MSA compliant
- Support 100GE aggregate bit rates
- Support KP4 FEC @ 100G data rate
- Two independent full-duplex channels
- Up to 100m OM4 MMF transmission
- Operating case temperature: 0 to 70 °C @ 100G
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Maximum power consumption 4W
- LC optical connector
- RoHS-6 compliant

Application

- Data Center
- Infiniband HDR
- 100G Ethernet



General Description

This product can support 100Gb/s bit rates. It is a parallel Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable (QSFP28) Bi-Direction optical module. The module integrates four host electrical data into two optical lanes (by Dual Wavelength VCSEL Bi-Directional Optical Interface, 850nm and 900nm) to allow optical communication over a 2-fiber duplex LC optical multi-mode fiber. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module de-multiplexes 2 sets of optical input signal and converts them to 4 channels of electrical data.

An optical fiber ribbon cable with an LC connector can be plugged into the QSFP28 module receptacle. Proper alignment is ensured by the guide pins inside the receptacle. The cable usually cannot be twisted for proper channel to channel alignment. Electrical connection is achieved through an MSA-compliant 38-pin edge type connector.

The module operates by a single +3.3V power supply. LVCMOS/LVTTL global control signals, such as Module Present, Reset, Interrupt and Low Power Mode, are available with the modules. A 2-wire serial interface is available to send and receive more complex control signals, and to receive digital diagnostic information. Individual channels can be addressed and unused channels can be shut down for maximum design flexibility.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP28 Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference. The module offers very high functionality and feature integration, accessible via a two-wire serial interface.

Functional Description

This product can support 100Gb/s bit rates. It is a parallel Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable (QSFP28) Bi-Direction optical module. The module integrates four host electrical data into two optical lanes (by Dual Wavelength VCSEL Bi-Directional Optical Interface, 850nm and 900nm) to allow optical communication over a 2-fiber duplex LC optical multi-mode fiber. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module de-multiplexes 2 sets of optical input signal and converts them to 4 channels of electrical data. The receiver module outputs electrical signals are also voltage compatible with Common Mode Logic (CML) levels. Figure 1 shows the functional block diagram of this product.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up the module. Both power supply pins VccTx and VccRx are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the module offers 7 low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, LPMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP28 modules on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines for each QSFP28 module must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the QSFP28 memory map. The ResetL pin enables a complete module reset, returning module settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

Low Power Mode (LPMode) pin is used to set the maximum power consumption for the module in order to protect hosts that are not capable of cooling higher power modules, should such modules be accidentally inserted.
Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a module, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When a module is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates a module is present by setting ModPrsL to a "Low" state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. Low indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.

LWO-QSFP28-BSR1

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Functional Description

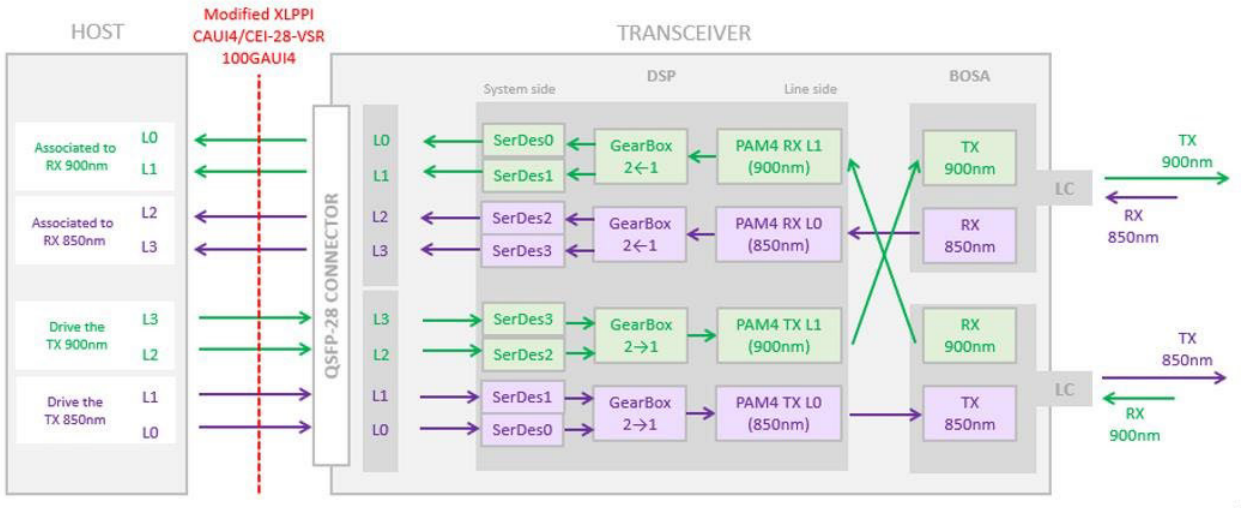
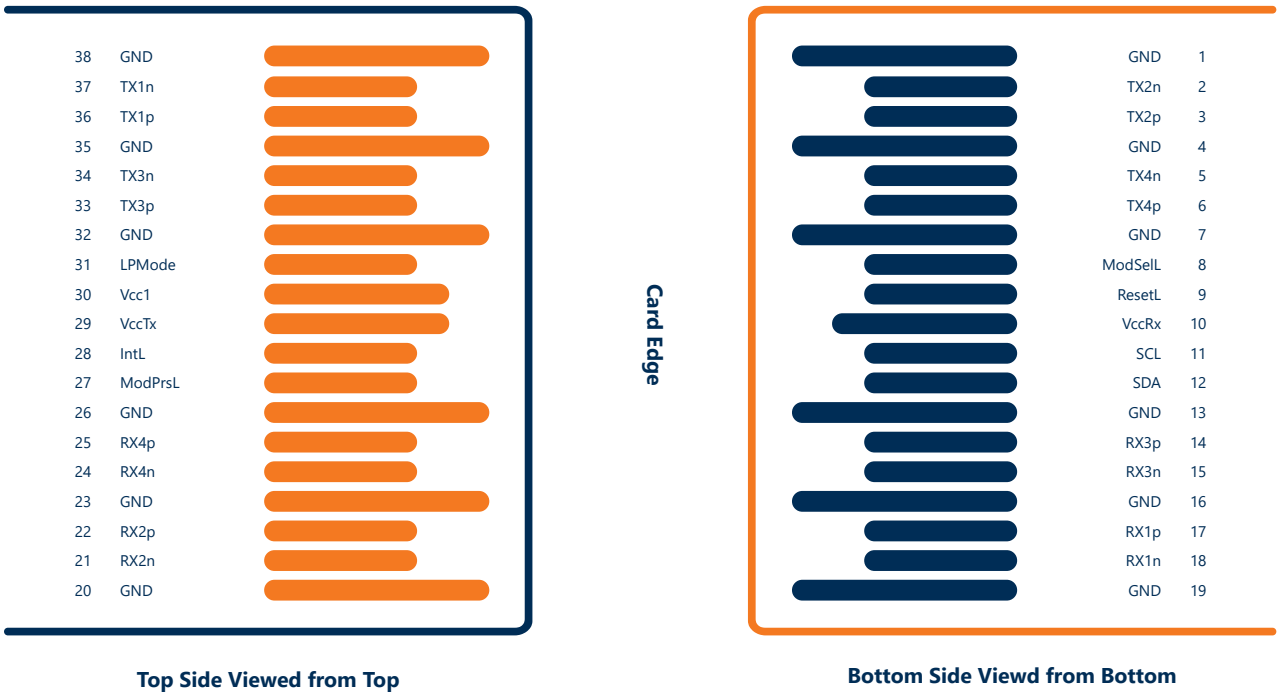


Figure 1. Transceiver Block Diagram

Pin Assignment and Description



Top Side Viewed from Top

Bottom Side Viewd from Bottom

Figure 2. MSA Compliant Connector

LWO-QSFP28-BSR1

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PIN Definition

PIN	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1		GND	Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output	
4		GND	Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output	
7		GND	Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13		GND	Ground	1
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
16		GND	Ground	1
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
19		GND	Ground	1
20		GND	Ground	1
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
23		GND	Ground	1
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
26		GND	Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	
29		VccTx	+3.3 V Power Supply transmitter	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3 V Power Supply	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	
32		GND	Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
35		GND	Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
38		GND	Ground	1

Notes

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP28 modules. All are common within the QSFP28 module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
2. VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown in Figure 4 below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP28 transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.

Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment

Figure 3 shows the orientation of the multi-mode fiber facets of the optical connector.

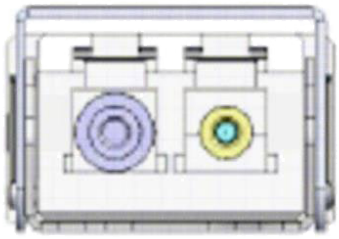

Figure 3. Outside View of the QSFP28 Module LC Receptacle

Recommended Power Supply Filter

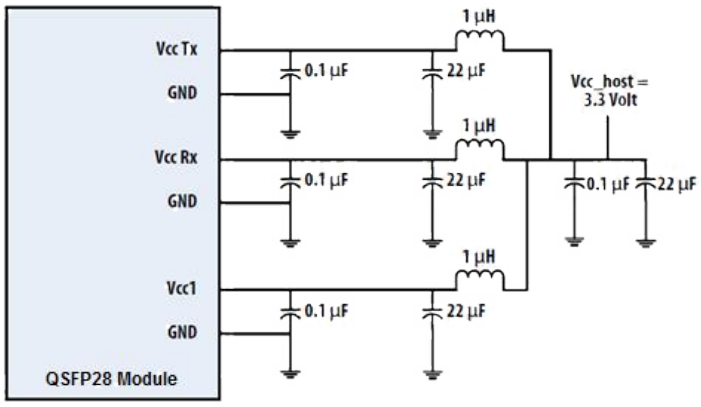

Figure 4. Recommended Power Supply Filter

Absolute Maximum Ratings

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	TS	-40.0	85	degC	
Operating Case Temperature	TOP	10	70	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5	3.6	V	
Relative Humidity (non- condensation)	RH	0	85	%	
Damage Threshold	THd	5		dBm	

LWO-QSFP28-BSR1

100GBit QSFP28 BiDi, SR1.2, 100m OM4, LC-Duplex, Multimode

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	T_{OP}	0		70	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Data Rate Accuracy		-100.0		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$2.4x10^{-4}$		1
Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$1x10^{-12}$		1x10^-12
Control Input Voltage High		2		V_{CC}	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Link Distance	OM3	D1		70	m	2
	OM4	D2		100	m	2
	OM5	D3		150	m	2

Notes

1. FEC provided by host system.
2. 2. FEC required on host system to support maximum distance.

Electrical Characteristics 1/2

Parameter	Test Point	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Notes
Power Consumption				4	W	
Supply Current	I_{CC}			1.21	A	
Transceiver (each Lane)						
Overload Differential Voltage pk-pk	TP1a	900.0			mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP1	-350.0		2850.0	mV	1
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP1			10	%	At 1 MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD11)	TP1			See CEI-28G-VSR Equati	dB	
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC11, SCD11)	TP1			See CEI- 28GVSR Equation 13-20	dB	
Stressed Input Test	TP1a	See CEI-28G-VSR Section 13.3.11.2.1				
Receiver (each Lane)						
Differential Voltage, pk-pk	TP4			900	mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP4	-350.0		2850	mV	1
Common Mode Noise, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP4			10	%	At 1 MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD22)	TP4			See CEI- 28GVSR Equation 13-19	dB	See CEI-28G-VSR Equati
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC22, SCD22)	TP			See CEI- 28GVSR Equation 13-21	dB	
Common Mode Return Loss (SCC22)	TP4			-2	dB	2
Transition Time, 20 to 80%	TP4	9.5			ps	
Vertical Eye Closure (VEC)	TP4			5.5	dB	
Eye Width at 10-15 probability (EW15)	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height at 10-15 probability (EH15)	TP4	228			mV	

LWO-QSFP28-BSR1

100GBit QSFP28 BiDi, SR1.2, 100m OM4, LC-Duplex, Multimode

Electrical Characteristics 2/2

Notes

1. Vcm is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.
2. From 250MHz to 30GHz.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	KP4 FEC Mode			Units	Notes
		Min.	Typical	Max		
Transceiver						
Center Wavelength Line0	λC	844		863	nm	
Center Wavelength Line1	λC	900		918	nm	
RMS Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda_{rms}$			λ1: 0.6; λ2: 0.65	nm	
Average Launch Power, each Lane	P^{AVG}	-6.2		4	dBm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), each Lane	P_{OMA}	-4.2		3	dBm	1
Peak Power, each lane				--	dBm	
Launch power in OMA minus TDP, each lane		-5.6			dBm	
TDECQ, each lane	TDECQ			4.5	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB	
Transmitter transition time, each lane (max)				31	ps	
$RIN_{12}OMA$				-128	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			12	dB	
Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane	P_{OFF}			-30	dBm	
Encircled Flux		≥ 86% at 19 µm; ≤ 30% at 4.5 µm				2
Signaling rate, each lane		26.5625±100ppm			Gbps	
Center Wavelength Lane0	λC	844	850	863	nm	
Center Wavelength Lane1	λC	900	910	918	nm	
Damage Threshold, each Lane	TH_d	5			dBm	3
Average Receive Power, each lane		-8.2			dBm	4
Average power at receiver input, each lane (over-load)				4	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	R_R			-12	dB	
Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA, Lane2		-3.5		-3.5	dBm	5
Receiver sensitivity(OMA outer), each lane				Max (- 6.6, SECQ – 8) as per IEEE cl 150	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30		-14.2	dBm	
LOS Deassert	LOSD			-11.2	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	--

Notes

1. Even if the mTDEC<0.9 dB, the OMA (min) must exceed this value.
2. If measured into type A1a.2 50um fiber in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
3. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
4. Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
5. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 as per following:

Stressed eye closure (SECq), each lane	4.5	dB	
OMA of each aggressor, each lane	3	dBm	

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Digital Diagnostic Functions

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF-8436.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temperature range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI _VCC	-0.15	0.15	V	Over full operating range
Channel RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	Ch1 ~ Ch4
Channel TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

Notes

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

Mechanical Dimensions

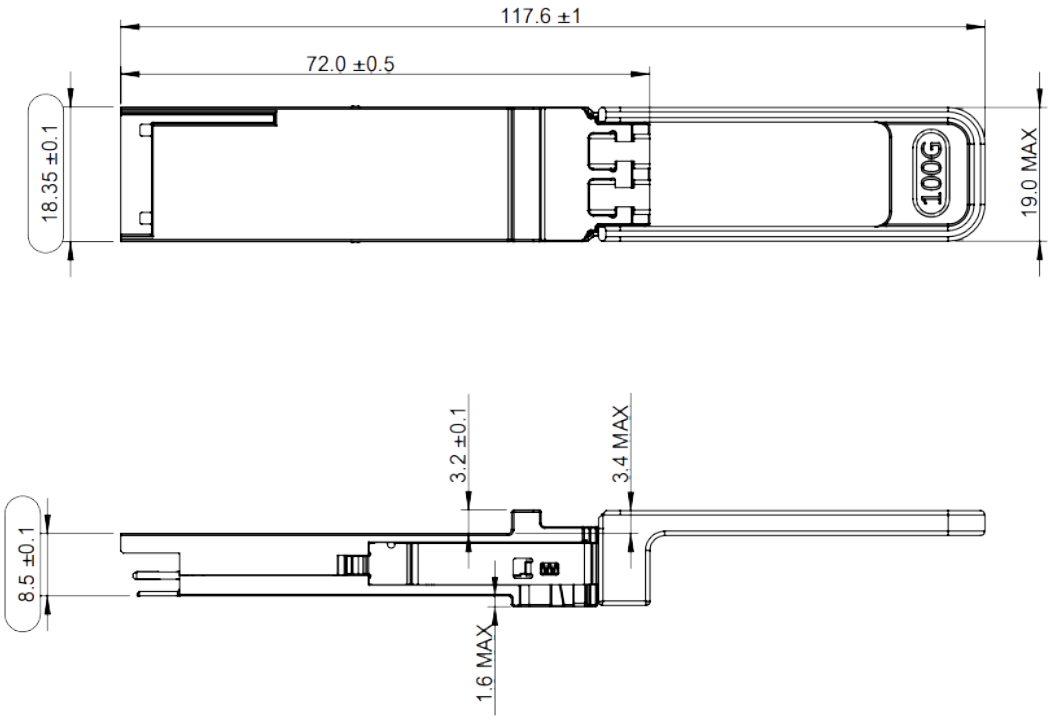

Figure 5. Mechanical Outline

ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for high speed data pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114- A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

Laser Safety

This is a Class 1M Laser Product according to EN 60825-1:2014. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.